**Guidelines for Confirmation**

*Advent 2022 (Nov. 27, 2022) to Ordinary Time 2023 (Dec. 3, 2023)*

1. If Bishop Jacques Fabre-Jeune, CS, is the celebrant, he will usually bring his own vestments. Please have sufficient altar servers to assure a miter and crozier bearer are present in such cases (6 servers if incense is used; 5 servers otherwise, when possible). If a dean or vicar is the celebrant, please inquire with him about vestment choices. In general: one server for incense (if used), one for the cross, two for processional candles (if used), and one each for miter and crozier, respectively, is needed, but if the bishop is not the celebrant, then miter and crozier bearers are not needed.
2. If Bishop Fabre is your celebrant, he will arrive for the ceremony at least one hour beforehand. He likes to spend some time speaking informally with the candidates in small group conversations (8 to 10 at a time) before Mass begins. If possible, please have the candidates gathered in one place **separate from the church** to facilitate this dialogue. The bishop will conclude these conversations in time for the candidates to process into the church if this is done. If another celebrant is chosen, please contact him for his preferences.

In general, please advise the candidates to be able to answer why they chose the confirmation name they did and why they are requesting the Sacrament of Confirmation at this time in their lives. Please have the candidates knowledgeable about the renewal of baptismal promises and the anointing with chrism as meaningful and important symbols.

About one month before the ceremony, it would be helpful to have the candidates view the 7-minute “Momentum Studios” video presentation on the Sacrament of Confirmation. It may be found on *The Catholic Miscellany* YouTube channel at [youtube.com/watch?v=-t7oYlHb8Cg](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-t7oYlHb8Cg).

1. At Sunday celebrations, on solemnities and major feasts, the vestment color of the season, or the day will be used. The First Reading and the Gospel lesson of the day are proclaimed. For the Second Reading, suggestions include ***any* Pauline reading prescribed for the Ritual Mass of Confirmation in the Lectionary, volume IV, which could be Romans 5:1-2, 5-8; Romans 8:14-17; Romans 8:26-27; 1 Corinthians 12:4-13; Galatians 5:16-17, 22- 23a, 24-25; Ephesians 1:3a, 4a, 13-19a; or Ephesians 4:1-6**.
2. At weekday confirmations (on non-feasts and solemnities) **red vestments should be used**. Please note that the **Gloria** should ***always*** be included since it is required by use of the Ritual Mass for the Conferral of Confirmation, ***even*** in Advent and Lent. The First Reading and the Gospel lesson are to be chosen by the parish from the options for confirmation in the “Ritual Votive Commons” edition of the Lectionary for Mass (Volume IV). The Second Reading will also be at the selection of the parish as indicated from the options above.
3. After the proclamation of the Gospel, the pastor should introduce the candidates to the celebrant. It is not necessary to call their names at this point, but ***the pastor should testify that the candidates are prepared and ready to receive the sacrament***. If the pastor wishes, however, the candidates may be called by name.

1. The celebrant will stand at the foot of the sanctuary for the anointing. Candidates will approach the celebrant with their sponsors a step behind them. Sponsors should place their **left hand** on the candidate’s **right shoulder**. It is preferable that the candidates wear easily legible nametags so that the priest or deacon of the parish may whisper their confirmation name to the celebrant. This will enable him to call the candidates by their confirmation name as he confirms them. If nametags are not used, then the candidate should hand the priest or a deacon of the parish a name card as they approach the celebrant for this same purpose. Please instruct the candidates to come ***close*** to the celebrant so that he can anoint easily.

A deacon or an altar server should stand to the right of the celebrant and hold the sacred chrism for the anointing.

Some background music or a hymn should be played and/or sung during the anointing.

1. Lemons and bread and/or a bowl of soapy water should be available for the celebrant to remove the sacred chrism from his hands after the anointing. The celebrant will ***stand*** for these ablutions, either at the chair or the place from which he has confirmed.

Note that if lemons and bread are used then one lemon sliced into 4 wedges is sufficient. The bread may be of any quality, but it should be torn into crouton size pieces. It is preferable to have a server pour water over the celebrant’s fingers after this ablution as he/she would at the offertory.

1. Please note that Eucharistic Prayers I, II & III all have special inserts for confirmation Masses. It would be helpful if these inserts would be available/inserted in the missal before the Mass. These inserts may be downloaded at: [charlestondiocese.org/divine-worship-and-sacraments/guidelines-for-confirmation](https://charlestondiocese.org/divine-worship-and-sacraments/guidelines-for-confirmation/). In most circumstances, the celebrant will use Eucharistic Prayer II and pray the Preface of the Holy Spirit II. Please have the Roman Missal prepared for this. However, if confirmation takes place within a Mass that has a proper preface, i.e., a solemnity such as the Assumption, or All Saints or in a Sunday Mass falling within a privileged season such as Advent, Christmas, Lent or Easter, then one of the prefaces prescribed for that Mass will be used. In general, outside of Advent, Christmas, Lent and Easter seasons, unless “Prop Pf,” (Proper Preface) appears in the ordo, the celebrant will pray the Preface of the Holy Spirit II.
2. After the Prayer after Communion, the pastor is invited to speak, announcing a reception, and/or congratulating the confirmandi. The celebrant usually has some comments of his own to make after the pastor speaks.
3. Usage of incense, choice of music, procession and seating of the candidates and their sponsors are all at the discretion of the individual parish. Note, however, that music should be appropriate to the season/feast/solemnity and occasion. Some parishes seem to include the Litany of Supplication (Litany of Saints) at some point in the Mass. If this is done, please **INCLUDE** the names of both the baptismal and confirmation patron saints of the confirmandi as well as the patron saint of the parish.

Additionally, there should always be some music during the incensations if and when incense is used. This music may be simply instrumental. Please do not expect the celebrant to incense the altar and gifts at the Preparation of the Altar and Gifts in absolute silence. ***Please instruct musicians to provide music until the incensations are completed, even if simply instrumental.***

***The parish should make sure that the confirmandi have access to a printed program during the Mass (if one is provided), and it is expected that they participate vocally in the Mass (responses, hymns, prayers).***

1. Please inform the young people that they should:

* Know their confirmation name and why they chose it;
* Know the seven gifts of the Holy Spirit;
* Listen carefully to the readings during Mass;
* Offer their responses to the baptismal promises (“I do”), the prayer of chrismation (“AMEN”) and the Sign of Peace (“And with your spirit”) with some **enthusiasm**;
* Not chew gum before or during the ceremony.

**ADDITIONAL NOTES**

Usually, a confirmation ceremony should have at least 20 candidates. A smaller number must be approved by the celebrant office when requesting a date. A small number in an average, or large parish ***might*** be scheduled at a Sunday Mass rather than on a weekday night since a mostly empty church does not support the solemnity of the occasion. Parishes with extremely small numbers might couple with a neighboring parish, or schedule only every other year. On weekday evenings the confirmation Mass might be scheduled at 6:00, 6:30 or 7:00 p.m. While dinner with the celebrant beforehand is appreciated, it is not necessary.